

The armorial casket from Quedlinburg, 1209

by

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Introduction

The following comments on the 33 coats-of-arms of emperor Otto IV (r.1198/1209-1218) and his adherents are largely abstracted from the publications of Berent Schweiniköper (1972), Alfred F. Wolfert (1985), Bernd U. Hucker (1990) and Nathalie Kruppa (2001), the last of which ought to be consulted by readers reasonably proficient in German:¹

The object is a wicket basket of fatimidian origin measuring 163 x 355 x 219 mm, later covered with chalk-gypsum and silver foil, provided with handle, hinges and lock and painted with 12 coats-of-arms [1-12] on the lid and around the casket two equestrian figures [13, 14] jousting facing a castle behind the lock and a further 19 coats-of-arms staggered in two rows around the side, numbered going left and having [15] above and [16] behind the horses tail. The jousting figures are wearing pot helmets, armorial jupons, shields and holding lances with long banners. The horses have armorial trappers. The arms of Otto IV [1] is placed centrally below the handle, the others in three rows, left-to-right, back-to-front: 3, 2, 4; 8, 6, 1, 5, 7; 12, 9, 10, 11. The casket was discovered in the late fifties in the town-hall of Quedlinburg in Sachsen-Anhalt. There is almost universal agreement that it must be dated to 1209, with c.1250 as an alternative. As to its use several proposals have been made, incl. wedding present and tournament prize. The ownership likewise attributed to either Otto himself or either of the families of the jousting figures: the counts of Dassel and of Wohldenberg.

At the time the allegiance of the German nobles was divided between two parties: the Staufers and the Welfs. The Staufers emperor Friedrich Barbarossa (r.1152-1190) broke the power of his mightiest subject Heinrich 'Löwe' duke of Sachsen (then all of northern Germany) and banished him. Otto, the second son of Heinrich 'Löwe' was brought up in the court of his maternal grandfather Henry II of England (d.1189) and cousin Richard 'Lionheart' (d.1199). On the death of Heinrich VI (r.1191-1197), eldest son of Friedrich, Otto returned to Germany and gathering his supporters got himself elected and crowned king of the Romans in Aachen in July 1198. His adversary, Filip von Schwaben (murdered 1208), the younger son of Friedrich, was likewise elected by the Staufers party in 1198 in Mühlhausen in Thüringen. The constellation of nobles on the casket would only be possible in 1209 at the series of meetings (Hoftagen) held in Braunschweig in preparation for the journey to Rome and investiture as emperor. Shortly thereafter several changed their allegiance to the Staufers pretender Friedrich II (r.1212-1250), the son of Heinrich VI.

The coats-of-arms on the caskets are among the earliest German arms and the first set surviving in colour. As they are unnamed, the identifications are tentative, but based on known allegiance and attendance at the Hoftagen, where tournaments would have been held. Many of the persons and their children were intermarried.

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Note:

¹ Kruppa reviews six proposals for identification, the first, by Bernhard Schweiniköper, was followed in the blazons by Wolfert. Apart from a few comments, my contribution is merely the addition of places and references to some armorials and seals. The references in the four works are in general not repeated here.



The armorial casket from Quedlinburg, dated 1209.

References

1. QWK = Quedlinburger casket:

Bernd U. Hucker: *Kaiser Otto IV*. [Hucker KO] - Hannover 1990, pp.508-516 – and more on the personalities pp.376-508.

Nathalie Kruppa: Neue Gedanken zum Quedlinburger Wappenkästchen. *Concilium medii aevi*, 2001, 4:153-177, <http://cma.gbv.de/dr.cma,004,2001,a,06.pdf>, diagrams.

Berent Schwineköper: Eine unbekannte heraldische Quelle zur Geschichte Kaiser Ottos IV und seiner Anhänger. In: *Festschrift für Hermann Heimpel zum 70. Geburtstag am 19. September 1971*. Göttingen 1972, pp. 959-1022 - primary source of identifications, diagrams, arms redrawn in colour, b/w photos.

Alfred F. Wolfert: Das Quedlinburger Wappenkästchen von 1209. Die älteste Wappensammlung in Deutschland. In: *Sources de l'héraldique en Europe occidentale, 4eme Colloque d'AIH, Bruxelles 1985*. Bruxelles 1985, pp.230-234 - mainly blazons.

2. Armorials:

Clemmensen OM (incl. draft editions of armorials), DBA and several editions of armorials contain further references and notes on manuscripts, families and personalities. 'www' indicates availability on the internet;

BEL Paris, BnF, ms.fr.5230, *armorial Bellenville* [Jequier BEL; Pastoureau BEL]

BHM Stockholm, Svenska Riksarkivet, *Codex Bergshammar*, [Raneke BHM].

BZL mural in Burg Lauf (Bayern) [Zelenka BZL].

CTE *Clipearius Teutonicorum* by Konrad von Mure

LYN Bruxelles, Bibliothèque Royale Albert Ier, Ms.II.6567, *Armorial Lyncenich*, mistakenly named *Gymnich* from a misreading. A full edition of this mid 15th Century paper and aquatint manuscript is in preparation by E. de Boos and S.Clemmensen [Boos LYN].

MAN *Codex Manesse al. Grosse Heidelberger Liederhandschrift* [Walther MAN, Clemmensen MAN].

MIL Privately owned manuscript, *armorial Miltenberg* [Loutsch MIL].

MPA, MPH *Matthew Paris* [Wagner RAH]

RUG Innsbruck, Universitätsbibliothek, Ms. 545, *Wappenbuch von Jörg Rugenn*.

SGH St.Gallen, Klosterbibl., ms.1084, *WB St.Gallen*, 1460-1490 [Clemmensen, draft 2009; www.e-codices.unifr.ch]

SIE *Johan Siebmachers Wappenbuch von 1605*. – Horst Appuhn (Ed.), Dortmund 1994. Several entries are annotated on www.wikipedia in: Liste von schwabische / fränkische / bayrische Rittergeschlechter.

STU Stuttgart, Staatsarchiv Württemberg, *Stuttgarter Wappenbuch*. [Clemmensen STU]

UFF Hamburg, Staatsbibliothek, Ms. in scrinio 90b, *DasUffenbachsche Wappenbuch*. [Paravicini UFF; Clemmensen UFF, draft].

ZUR *Züricher Wappenbuch*. [Popoff ZUR; Merz ZUR; Runge ZUR; Clemmensen ZUR]

3. Collections of seals:

XPW O. Posse: *Die Siegel des Adels der Wettiner Lande*. – Dresden 1903.

XRA Jean-Théodore de Raadt: *Sceaux armoirés des Pays-Bas et des pays avoisinant* I-IV. - Bruxelles 1897-1901.

4. Books and articles

Erich von Berchem, David L. Galbreath, Otto Hupp, Kurt Mayer: *Beiträge zur Geschichte der Heraldik*. J. Siebmacher's grosses Wappenbuch, Band D. [BGH] – Berlin 1939, reprint Neustadt an der Asch 1972.

Christiane van den Bergen-Pantens: *Gelre, BR Ms 15652-56*. [Bergens GEL; Adam GEL] – Leuven 1992, introduction, B/W facsimile, and commentary by Paul Adam-Even as printed in *Archives Héraldiques Suisses*, 1961-1968.

Karlheinz Blaschke: *Siegel und Wappen im Sachsen*. [Blaschke SW] – Leipzig 1960.

Karlheinz Blaschke: *Geschichte Sachsens im Mittelalter*. [Blaschke GS] - München c.1990.

Karl Bosl: *Die Reichsministerialität der Salier und Staufer*. I+II. [Bosl R] - Stuttgart 1950.

CEMRA = Wagner.

Steen Clemmensen: *An Ordinary of Medieval Armorial*, CD-ROM, *Heraldiske Studier* 5, Societas Heraldica Scandinavica [Clemmensen OM] - Copenhagen 2006; www.armorial.dk, 2010 (version 1.1).

Steen Clemmensen: *The crests and coats-of-arms in the Grosse Heidelberger (Manesse) and Weingartener Liederhandschriften*. [Clemmensen MAN]. – Farum 2008, www.armorial.dk.

Steen Clemmensen: *The Zürich armorial*. [Clemmensen ZUR]. – Farum 2009, www.armorial.dk.

Steen Clemmensen: *Conrad Grünenbergs Wappenbuch*. [Clemmensen GRU]. – Farum 2009, www.armorial.dk.

Steen Clemmensen: *Stuttgarter Wappenbuch*. [Clemmensen STU]. – Farum 2010, www.armorial.dk.

Dr. Crull: Die Wappen der bis 1360 in den heutigen Grenzen Mecklenburgs vorkommendne Geschlechter der mannschaft. *Mecklenburgische Jahrbuch*, 1887, 52:34-182. [Crull MW]

ESNF = Schwennike &al.

A. Fahne: *Geschichte der kölnischen, jülichischen und bergischen Geslechter in Stammtafeln, Wappen, Siegeln und Urkunden*, 1-2. [Fahne KJB] – 1848-53, reprint 1965.

HHStD = *Handbuch der Historischen Stätten Deuchlands*:

1: Schleswig-Holstein, H. Huter; 2:Niedersachsen-Bremen, K. Brüning & H. Schmidt, 1976; 5: Rheinland-Pfalz-Saarland, L. Petry; 4: Hessen, G.W. Sante, 1967; 6: Baden-Württemberg, M. Miller & G Taddey, 1965; 7: Bayern, K. Bosl 1961; 8: Sachsen, W. Schlesinger, 1965; 9: Thüringen, H. Patze & P. Aufgebauer, 1989; 10: Ost- und Westpreussen, E. Weise;

Léon Jéquier, L'armorial Bellenville, *Cahiers d'Héraldique*, 5 (1983). [Jequier BEL].

Erich Kittel: *Siegel*. [Kittel S] - Braunsweig 1970.

E.H. Kneschke: *Neues allgemeines Deutsches Adels-Lexicon*, I-IX. [Kneschke D] - Leipzig 1860-1870.

Gerhard Köbler: *Historisches Lexikon der deutschen Länder. Die deutschen Territorien und reichsunmittelbaren Geschlechter von Mittelalter bis zur Gegenwart*. [Köbler HL] – 2.Ed., 1989; 5.Ed., München 1995;

Lexikon des Mittelalters. Vol.1-9. [LxMA] - München und Zürich 1977-1998.

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Walther Merz & Friedrich Hegi: *Die Wappenrolle von Zürich ... mit den Wappen aus dem Hause zum Loch*. [Merz ZUR, Merz HZL] - Zürich & Leipzig 1930.

Milan Mysliveček: *Erbovník, aneb kniha o znacích i osudích rodu žijících v Čechách a na Moravě*. [Mysliveček E] – Praha 1993.

Walther Möller: *Stamm-Tafeln westdeutscher Adelsgeschlechter im Mittelalter*, I-IV. [Möller S] – 1923-36, reprint 1996.

Michel Pastoureaux et Michel Popoff, *Armorial Bellenville – BnF ms.fr.5230*, [Pastoureaux BEL] - St.Jorioz 2004.

Jan Raneke: *Bergshammarvapenboken – et medeltidsheraldisk studie*. [Raneke BHM] - Lund 1975.

Jean-Baptiste Rietstap: *Armorial général précédé d'un dictionnaire des termes de blason*. - 1884-87, 2nd Ed.; reprint 1965, Barnes & Noble, N.Y.;

V. & H.V. Rolland: *Illustrations to Rietstap's Armorial*. - Bruxelles 1903-1926, reprint Ramsbury 1991.

Heinrich Runge: *Die Wappenrolle von Zürich, Ein heraldisches Denkmal des 14.Jahrhunderts*. [Runge ZUR] - Zürich 1860.

Dieter Schwennicke, F.B. Freytag-Loringhoven, W.K. Isenburg: *Europäische Stammtafeln*, Neue Folge, I-XIX(+); *Stammtafeln zur Geschichte Europäischer Staaten*. [ESNF] - Marburg - 1990-2005.

Siebmacher's Wappenbuch, Das neue Siebmacher, vols. 1-35 + A-H, 1856-1912; reprint edition 1994-2000 [Sieb].

Sieb A (Seyley: *Geschichte der Heraldik*); Sieb E (Alberti: *Würt.WR*); Sieb F (Schöler: *Hist.Fam.Wappen in Franken*); Sieb Si1/Si12: 1703-1772 edition, vols.1-12;

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Anthony R. Wagner: *Rolls of Arms of Henry III*. [Wagner RAH] – London 1967.

H. Waldner: *Die ältesten Wappenbilder*. [Waldner WB] – Herold-Studien, Berlin 1992.

Berthold von Waldstein-Wartenburg: *Die Wappenbücher Herzog Albrechts VI. Von Österreich*. Vol. II. [Waldstein ING] - Wien 1990.

Ingo F. Walther, Gisela Siebert: *Codex Manesse. Die Miniaturen der Grossen Heidelberger Liederhandschrift*. [Walther MAN] – Frankfurt am Main 1988/1992.

Wikipedia: www.wikipedia.org, notes with references on the web-based encyclopedia, e.g. through Liste franckischer / thüringischer / schwabische / bayersiche Rittergeschlechter.

A. Zelenka: *Der Wappenfries aus dem Wappensal zu Lauf*. [Zelenka BZL] - Passau, 1976.

1 ..

eagle iss; 3 lions passt guard {OS, GO}

Otto IV (Welf), d.1218, D.Aquitaine & C.Poitou, DtKg / **king of the Romans** 1198, Ks.HRR 1209. Otto was second son of Heinrich 'Löwe' (d.1195) and Margaret Plantagenet, 1212 married Beatrix von Staufen (d.1212, daughter of Philip von Schwaben DtKg 1198-1208), and secondly in 1214 with Maria von Brabant (1191-1260), who later married Willem Gf.Holland (d.1222). Otto was raised at the court of his grandfather Henry II and cousin Richard 'Lionhart'.

The same arms are on the Mauritiusswert, and inverted in the chronicles of Matthew Paris (MPH:21+24) and seal of 1214 of Ksn.Maria (Rabbow, Kleeblatt 2010, 1:26-43).

2 ..

1 G O 2 lions passt guard

bru

Heinrich (Welf), 1174-1227, **PfGf.Rhein** j.u., older brother of Otto IV. As a hostage he participated in the crusade of the staufer Heinrich VI (d.1197). He married in 1194 Agnes von Staufen, daughter of Pfalzgraf Konrad. The three brothers partitioned the welfer lands in 1202 (Hucher KO 361). He changed his arms on changing his allegiance from the staufers to the welfers (Hucker KO 40-43), but returned to the staufer from 1204 to 1208, when Philip of Schwaben was murdered.

A lion rampant was on coins minted c.1130 by Heinrich 'der Stolze', father of Heinrich 'Löwe', and on the equestrian seals of Heinrich 'Löwe' 1154 and his uncle Welf VI in 1152 (Waldner WB 28-29). This emblem of the Hz.Sachsen was probably continued for the Pfalzgrafen zu Rhein or electors palatine when Otto von Wittelsbach (d.1253) married Agnes, the heiress of PfGf.Heinrich. sigil 1197/98 Heinrich PfGf.Rhein & Hz.Sachsen (2 lions passt on shield, lion on banner, Rabbow 2010, dated 1196); sigil 1196 (eagle, as PfGf);

3 ..

1 B X GA lion barruly cr.

thu

Herman (I), d.1217, **LGf.Thüringen** (Wettiner) 1190. Changed allegiance to Friedrich II, staufer pretendent in 1211.

ESNF 1.1:152 a.o.; Sieb 2/1.1.4: 40+t34;

4 ..

1 O SAG per pale barry & eagle iss

anh

Either **Bernhard (I) Hz.Sachsen** & Gf.Ballenstedt (Askanier), Heinrich von Anhalt or Albrecht (II) MGf.Brandenburg.

Berhard zu Anhalt, d.1218, Hz.Sachsen (taken from Heinrich 'Löwe'). The arms are Ballenstedt dimidating Brandenburg. The family seat in 1050 was Burg Ballenstedt im Selketal (Kr. Quedlinburg, S-A).

Sieb 1/1.1.1:42-44+t91-98 + 2/1.1.3: 11-23+t29-35 (askanier); ESNF 1.2:182-194 (Askanier); Köbler HL 16-20; HHSStD 11:552;

5 ..

1 O B 2 pales

sax

Konrad von Niederlausitz or Dietrich MGf.Meissen, both wettiner. The arms (MGft.Landsberg) were probably Stamwappen of the wettiner, and used by Otto MGf.Meissen/Sachsen (r.1156-1190) in parallel with meissener lion. Mark Landsberg sold to Brandenburg 1291, returned with the wettiner MGf 1347.

ESNF 1.1:152; Blaschke SW 12; RUG:633; STU:450;

6 ..

1 G O 3 roses

nsx

Ludolf (II) Gf.Hallermund, leader of the Baltic crusade of 1209. The family was noted 1127-1436, seat in Burg Hallermund a.d. Haller im Deister (Kr. Hannover, Nsx), vassals of Bp.Minden. Ludolf was brother of Albrecht Abp.Magdeburg.

ESNF 3.1:8A; Sieb 21/6.6:64+t40; Köbler HL 248; sigil 1210; GEL:180*; BEL:315*; BHM:210*; LYN:402*; GRU:640*; SGH:500* (Az-Ar);

7 ..

1 G A antler per pale

anh

Either **Siegfried (II) Gf.Blankenburg** or Heinrich (II) Gf.Regenstein. Regenstein was a cadet of Blankenburg, seat at Burg Regenstein in Fst.Halberstadt (Kr. Wernigerode, S-A), extinct 1599. The arms are in unusual colours, which might indicate Blankenburg, the senior line extinct 1367. The arms are on

ESNF 17:117-119; Sieb 2/1.1.4: 57+t48; XPW 5.27.16 (1215, Heinrich); RUG:1059* (Ar-Sa); GRU:652* (qtd: Or antler Gu, Or antler Sa);

- 8 .. anh
I GAO 3 lozenges & chief
Siegfried (II), o.s.p.m.1242, **Gf.Osterburg** (Kr. Osterburg, S-A), married Sophie, a daughter of Bernhard Gf.Wölpe and held much land between Elbe and Aller. The last male of the line, his daughters Ermengard married Luthard Meinertsen [26] and Sophie Gozmar Gf.Kirchberg [10]. ESNF 17:150A; Köbler HL 502; Hucker KO 501; sigil 1225, Siegfried (II);
- 9 .. brg
I GA eagle
Albrecht (I) Gf.Arnstein (fl.1194-1240) or his brother Gebhard (I, d.1256). The family was noted 1172-1524, as von Arnstedt, cadet of Steusslingen (sou), branches of Lindau, Barby and Ruppín. Seat at Burg Arnstein nr Harkerode (Kr. Aschersleben, S-A), im Harzen, built 1135, to Falkenstein 1294. ESNF 12:35; Sieb 2/1.1.3:24+t36; Köbler HL 26; sigil 1235, 1219 Gebhard; GRU:618*; RUG:1058*; SGH:511* (eagle cr.; Lindau);
- 10 .. thu
I GA rose
Either **Gosmar Gf.Kirchberg**, Herman (II) Hr.Lippe, or Albrecht BGf.Altenburg
Gosmar, fl.1193-1227, Gf. Kirchberg a.d. Hainleite & Vogt von Jechaburg (Kr. Sondershausen, Thü), husband of Sophie von Osterburg, brother of Friedrich Bp.Halberstadt (r.1209-1236), both in the affinity of LGf.Thüringen [3]. Friedrich used {barry} in 1234.
Herman (II), c.1170-1229, Hr.Lippe, family noted 1123, acquired Rheda 1190, several branches, incl. Lippe-Detmold and Lippe-Braken.
Albrecht (I), d.1228/29, BGf.Altenburg (Kr.Altenburg, Thu).
ESNF 17:97; XPW 4.20.3 (sigil 1244, 1287, Kirchberg); Köbler HL 304; Sieb 4/1.3A:t171; ESNF 1.3:35-45 (Lippe); Sieb 20/6.12:t1+20; Bosl R 520; ESNF 19:110; Blaschke SW 21-22 (Altenburg); GEL:1618; BEL:447; UFF:529; SGH:1002 (Lippe); RUG:637; SGH:324 (Altenburg);
- 11 .. thu
I BA fish winged in pale
Herman (IV) Hr.Lobdeburg, from Lobeda (Kr. Jena, Thü), held also Triptis, Leuchtenburg and Saalburg.
Köbler HL 386; ESNF 16:110-112; seal 1185, Otto, Sieb A 72;
- 12 .. anh
I GA fess dancetty
Either Jusarius (II) or **Jordan (II) von Blankenburg** or Cesarius Vogt von Halberstadt.
Jusarius (II) or Jordan (II) von Blankenburg, welfer ministeriales, Schenken von Hzt.Braunschweig, Blankenburg (Kr. Wernigerode, S-A), after the eviction of Heinrich 'Löwe' vassals of Bp.Halberstadt. Jusarius was Reichschenck 1198-1208 and 1212-1218.
Cesarius Vogt von Halberstadt & Quedlinburg, fl.1203-1229, a cadet of Blankenburg.
Köbler HL 71; Hucker KO 398+495; sigil 1234; ESNF 17:117+119 (Blankenburg);
- 13 .. nsx
I GA attire
Adolf (I) von Dassel, c.1160-1224, Gf.Dassel & Ratzeburg 1201 (j.u.), sat in Dassel, Kr. Einbeck, Nsx. Family extinct 1339.
Kruppa QWK 165 (sigil 1204, Adolf); wikipedia (geneal); ESNF 17:88; Köbler HL 130;
- 14 .. nsx
I GA label in bend
Heinrich (I) Gf.Wöltingerode-Wohldenburg, husband of Sophia von Falkenstein, or his brother Herman (I), from Wöltingerode, Kr. Goslar, Niedersachsen.
The {label of 5/7 points per bend} is on seals used by Herman (III) 1250 and Heinrich (III) 1258; Seals c1220 of Herman (I) and Heinrich (I) show: {3 pales & 2 bars across}.

- 15 .. fkn
1 X OS AG checky & chief ch. eagle doubleheaded
Berthold (II) Gf.Henneberg or his brother Poppo (VII) or Otto (IV) Gf.Botenlauben. The arms are known as Botenlauben or Henneberg-ancient.
 Berthold (II) Gf.Henneberg, from Henneberg (Kr. Meiningen). The newer Henneberg arms were {Or cock Sa on mount Gu/Vt}.
 Otto (IV) Gf.Botenlauben, c.1175-1244, Minnesinger, a member of the Henneberg family, named for the Burg near Bad Kissingen i Unterfranken. On his return from Palestine and Italy, Otto founded the Abbey Frauenrode.
 Sieb 2/1.1.2:t123 + 22/6.1.1:t135 ; ESNF 16:144 (Botenlauben); Sieb 1.1.2:120; ESNF 16:146-149 (Henneberg);
 XPW 3.43.2-4 (1202); MAN:14 (Otto); SGH:973; GRU:825*; RUG:1169* (variants);
- 16 .. wes
1 G AA saltire betw 4 amulets
Justatius von Schlön or Justatius von Varenholz.
 Justatius von Schlön, fl.1225, member of a family of ministeriales of Braunschweig and Burgmänner on Vlotho (Kr. Minden, N-W).
 Justatius von Varenholz, from Kr. Wiedenbrück, N-W.
 Köbler HL 304 (Lippe, Varenholz); Crull MW 82 #121 (sigil, 1241, Gottfried von Flotow);
- 17 .. nsx
1 B O bend
Alhard von Burgdorf, of a ministeriales family from Werla-burgdorf nr. Schladen (Kr. Goslar, Nsx). sigil 1264/78, Heinrich;
- 18 .. bru
1 G A sickle
 Not identified. The arms have also been misinterpreted as a wing for Herman (III) von Hodenberg or Arnold von Schermcke.
 The sickle is rare as a figure-of-arms, e.g. used in Az-Ar by the franconian family Streitberg, noted 1120-1690, meranier & bamberger ministeriales with seat in Burg Streiberg (Kr. Lichtenfels, OFr.), and probably staufer supporters.
 Arnold von Schermcke, fl.1184-1212, not Schremke. The family noted 1184-1316 was probably Edelfreie, with several members as canons in Halberstadt and Magdeburg.
 Herman (III) von Hodenberg, noted 1243-1859 Fhr.
 Sieb 19/2.9:9 +t10 (Hodenberg, wing with eagle's head); ESNF 17:151B (Schermcke, wing); Sieb 22/6.1.3:t66 (Streitberg);
- 19 .. lun
1 - lion rampant
 Either Walter von Bodensele / Bollesen, Gf.Schwarzburg & Rabinswalde as well as Gf.Schaumburg or Gf.Dannenberg, all with lion arms.
 Much damaged, noted as a lion by Kruppa (fig.10), but as {eagle isst; paly of 4; OS-GA} by Wolfert and Schweineköper, who proposed either Albrecht (III) Gf.Everstein, Gf.Valkenstein or Gebhard or Burckhard BGf.Magdeburg;
 BEL:1445 (s.n.);
- 20 .. thu
1 G A ibex horn
Hr.Salza, seat in Bad Langensalza, Kr. Langensalza, Thüringen. Herman von Salza, c.1170-1239, was Hochmeister of Teutonic Order 1209-1239. He served on an embassy from Otto IV to Cyprus in 1211.
 Sieb Thu A 70 a.o.; Hucker KO 488; XPW 5.41.12-13 + 5.42.1-18 (1256 and later); SGH:312*
- 21 .. nsx
1 G A lion rampant
Heinrich (II), fl.1214-1225, **Gf.Schladen** (Kr. Goslar, Nsx). The family was noted 1110-1362.
 ESNF 19:3A; sigil 1225;

- 22 .. sil
1 A X A G bend checky
Bernhard von Dorstadt al. z Turgova al. von Torgau, fl.1177-1246.
 Köbler HL 715; Myslivecek E t58; Hucker KO 477; BZL:106;
- 23 .. anh
1 G A 2 barbels affronted
Albrecht (III), fl.1187-1214, **Gf.Wernigerode**, Kr. Wernigerode (S-A).
 ESNF 17:98; BHM:171*; BEL:328*; LYN:434* (Ar-Gu);
- 24 .. bru
1 G A bull's attire
Bernhard (II) Gf.Wölpe, 1176-1221, present Teilort Wölpe in Nienburg a.d. Weser (Kr. Nienburg, Nsx). He married Sophie von Dassel. His seal of 1215 has 5 shields for Wölpe + Otto IV + Braunschweig + Dassel + Schweinfurt (Rabbow, Kleeblatt 2010 p.33).
 Welf, a Quaternion-Jägermeister, was probably confused with Gf.Wölpe.
 ESNF 17:135 (Gf.Wölpe); wikipedia; Köbler HL 804; LxMA 9:325; Hucker KO 506+515; GRU:783* (qtd); SGH:231* +504* (Vt-Ar, Welf);
- 25 .. anh
1 B A O G 3 roses & chief ch. lion issr
Richard von Zerbst, d.1209, probably the same family as Alsleben and von Plawe. All used the same arms and were ministeriales (dapifer, pincerna) of Bp.Magdeburg. Zerbst in Sachsen-Anhalt.
 Strünkede, in Kleve, used similar arms (XRA 4:559; XWS:169;).
 Sieb A 256 (sigil 1233 Arnold von Plawe, 1274 Richard von Zerbst);
- 26 .. anh
1 O X A G 2 bars checky
Dietrich Edelherr von Hessen, or one from either Hoym, Meinersen or Hagen. Tomburg (Mullenark) in Jülich used similar arms.
 Dietrich Edelherr von Hessen, fl.1194-1226. The family was noted 1129-1257, held a castle fief on Harzburg (Kr. Goslar, S-A).
 Luthard (II) von Meinersen, fl.1203-1235, married secondly in 1214 Ermengarde, daughter of Siegfried Gf.Osterburg and Sophie von Wölpe. The family was ministeriales of the Bp.Hildesheim.
 ESNF 17:151A (Hessen); ESNF 17:146 (Meinersen);
- 27 .. nsx
1 G A A 2 garbs acc. lion passt in chf
Günzelin von Wolfenbüttel-Asseburg, d.1255, Reichstruchsess (senechal) 1200-1206 and 1209-1218, seat in Kr. Wolfenbüttel (Nsx).
 ESNF 17:152+155; Köbler HL 801;
- 28 .. sax
1 B A O S 3 mullets & chief ch. lion issr
Botho von Ilburg al. von Eulenburg al. z Illburka. The family was noted 1170, Fhr 1706, ministerialen, Vogt von Burg Eilenburg (Kr. Leipzig, Sachsen).
 Sieb 14/3.1:t7 mar; Myslivecek E 23 + 2:47+71; Köbler HL 128; BHM:2151; LYN:1006; GRU:1009; RUG:1095;
- 29 .. nsx
1 G A mill-rind
Helmold Edelherr von Plesse, fl.1211, d.c.1226. The family was noted 1150-1571, Burg Plesse a.d. Leine nr Göttingen (Nsx).
 Köbler HL 529; Sieb Si3:16; ESNF 19:4-5; sigil 1328; GRU:611* (Or-Gu); GRU:1079* (Or-Sa);
- 30 .. jul
1 G O 2 labels
 Arms, used by Efferen (Overstolz) in Jülich, were probably mistranscribed. They could be {3 pales & 2 bars across} for Wohldenberga-ancient. In Kruppa QW noted as for either Wöltingerode-Wohldenberga, Gf.Harzburg or Lüdiger Gf.Wohldenberga.

- 31 .. nsx
1 G O 3 chevrons
Baldewin (II) von Dahlum or a Gf.Ravensberg.
 Baldewin (II) von Dahlum, fl.1196-1216, Vogt von Stadt Braunsweig, from Gross-Dahlum nr. Schöningen (Kr. Helmstedt, Nsx).
 Ravensberg, in Jülich, later Gf.Jülich-Berg, with Ar-Gu.
 sigil 1214/15 (Baldewin Dahlum);
- 32 .. anh
1 G A 3 waterlily leaves inv
Friedrich Gf.Brehna, or Otto (I) Gf.Tecklenburg.
 Friedrich Gf.Brehna, between Mulde and Schwarzer Elster (Kr. Bitterfeld, S-A).
 Otto (I) Gf.Tecklenburg al. Temoigne (Kr. Osnabrück, N-W).
 Sieb 21/6.6:t16, sax; ESNF 1.1:150-151 (Brehna); SIE 2/1.1.2:111; Fahne KJ 2:152; XRA 4:18;
 Sieb 2:1.1.2:82+t84 (Tecklenburg, usually Ar-Gu); GEL:184*; RUG:634* (Ar-Gu); GRU:782* (Ar 3 trefoils Gu, Brehna); SGH:378; BEL:304*; GRU:623* (Ar-Gu, Tecklenburg);
- 33 .. nsx
1 X G O S barruly & lion
Hilдеболд (I) Gf.Rhoden & Wunsdorf, or Bernhard von Horstmar.
 Hilдеболд (I) Gf.Rhoden & Wunsdorf & Limmer, seat at Burg Lauenrode a.d. Leine (Kr.Neustadt, Nsx) and as Vogte von Kanonissenstift Wunsdorf (Kr. Neustadt) vassals of Bp.Minden.
 Bernhard von Horstmar gt 'Achilles Westfalens', diplomat and concillor, seat in Horstmar (Kr. Steinfurt, N-W), noted 1092, into Gf.Rietberg, sold 1269 to Bp.Münster. His seal is known.
 ESNF 17:136 + 1.3:333 H (Rhoden); Köbler HL 576+806 (Wunsdorf-Rhoden); Köbler HL 302, Hucker KO 497 (Horstmar); LYN:423; GEL:179*; BEL:312*; RUG:973* (lion cr. &c); GRU:612*; SGH:501* (XG-AB, all Wunsdorf-Rhoden);

Ordinary of arms

Z = vair, X = mixed

2 bars checky			lion rampant	
1 O X AG	26		1 -	19
fess dancetty			1 G A	21
1 G A	12		barruly & lion	
3 roses & chief ch. lion isst			1 X G OS	33
1 B AOG	25		lion barruly cr.	
3 mullets & chief ch. lion isst			1 B X GA	3
1 B AOS	28		2 lions passt guard	
checky & chief ch. eagle			1 G O	2
doubleheaded			bull's attire	
1 X OS AG	15		1 G A	24
bend			antler per pale	
1 B O	17		1 G A	7
bend checky			attire	
1 A X AG	22		1 G A	13
2 pales			ibex horn	
1 O B	5		1 G A	20
per pale barry & eagle isst			eagle	
1 O SAG	4		1 G A	9
3 chevrons			2 barbels affronted	
1 G O	31		1 G A	23
3 lozenges & chief			fish winged in pale	
1 G AO	8		1 B A	11
2 labels			3 waterlily leaves inv	
1 G O	30		1 G A	32
label in bend			rose	
1 G A	14		1 G A	10
mill-rind			3 roses	
1 G A	29		1 G O	6
sickle			2 garbs acc. lion passt in chf	
1 G A	18		1 G AA	27
			saltire betw 4 annulets	
			1 G AA	16

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